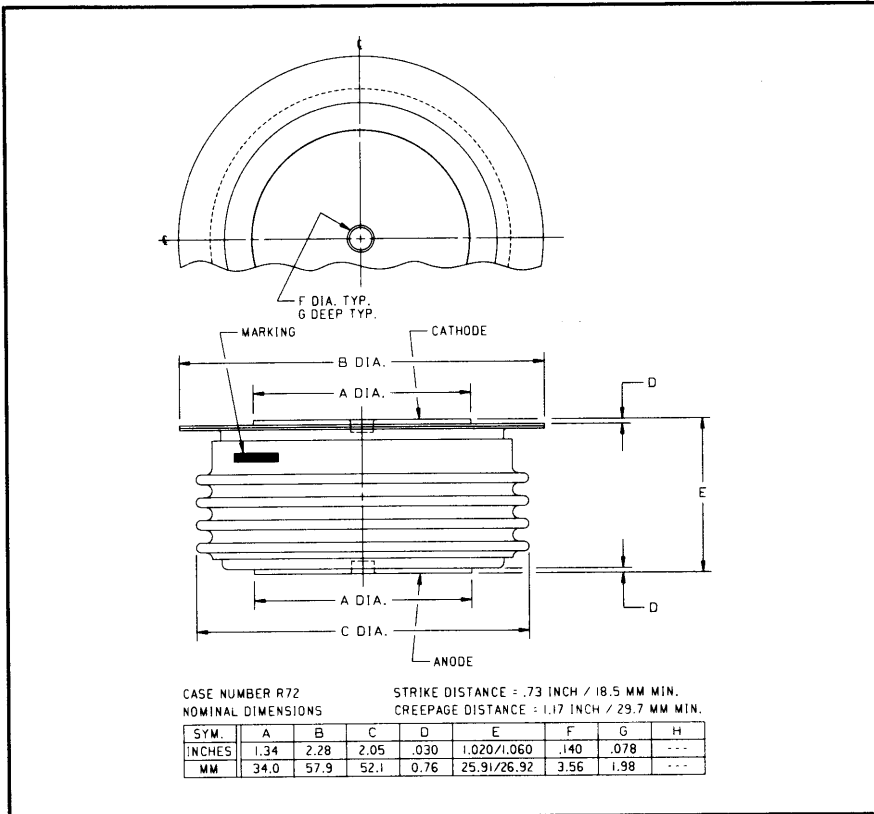
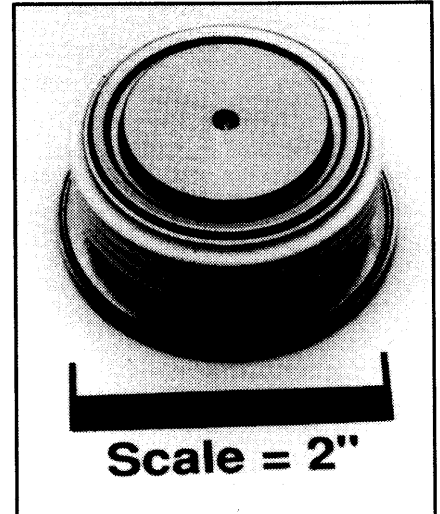


Powerex, Inc., 200 Hillis Street, Youngwood, Pennsylvania 15697-1800 (412) 925-7272
 Powerex, Europe, S.A. 428 Avenue G. Durand, BP107, 72003 Le Mans, France (43) 41.14.14

Fast Recovery Rectifier
650 Amperes Average
1600 Volts



R722__06 (Outline Drawing)



R722__06
 Fast Recovery Rectifier
 650 Amperes Average, 1600 Volts

Ordering Information:

Select the complete part number you desire from the following table:

Type	Voltage		Current		Recovery Time		Leads	
	V_{RRM} (Volts)	Code	$I_{F(av)}$ (A)	Code	t_{rr} (μ sec)	Code	Case	Code
R722	400	04	650	06	2.0	ES	R72	OO
	600	06						
	800	08						
	1000	10						
	1200	12						
	1400	14						
	1600	16						

Example: Type R722 rated at 650A average with $V_{RRM} = 1600V$,
 Recovery Time = 2.0 μ sec, order as:

Type	Voltage		Current		Time	Leads	
R	7	2	2	1	6	0	6
					ES	O	O

Features:

- Fast Recovery Times
- Soft Recovery Characteristics
- High Surge Current Ratings
- Special Selection of t_{rr} or Q_{rr} Available

Applications:

- Inverters
- Choppers
- Transmitters
- Free Wheeling Diode

R722 _06

Fast Recovery Rectifier

650 Amperes Average, 1600 Volts

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Characteristics	Symbol	R722 _06	Units
RMS Forward Current	$I_{F(rms)}$	1000	Amperes
Average Forward Current	$I_{F(av)}$	650	Amperes
One-half Cycle Surge Current	I_{FSM}	7500	Amperes
I^2t (for Fusing), Times = 8.3 milliseconds	I^2t	234000	A ² sec
Max. I^2t Package (for Times = 8.3 milliseconds)	I^2t	80×10^6	A ² sec
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-40 to +190	°C
Operating Temperature	T_j	-40 to +150	°C
Mounting Force		2000 to 2400	lbs

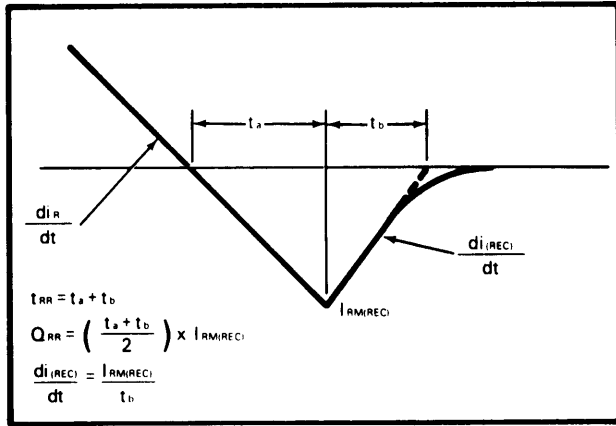
Electrical and Thermal Characteristics

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	R722 _06	Units
Current - Conducting State Maximums				
Forward Voltage Drop	V_{FM}	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_{FM} = 1500\text{A}$	2.05	Volts
Voltage - Blocking State Maximums				
Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage (Rated Limit)	V_{RRM}		1600	Volts
Non-rep. Trans. Peak Rev. Voltage (Rated Limit)	V_{RSM}	$t \leq 5.0\text{msec}$	1800	Volts
Reverse Leakage Current, mA peak	I_{RRM}	T_j at max., $V_{RRM} = \text{Rated}$	50	mA
Switching				
Maximum Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	$I_{FM} = 1500\text{A}, t_p = 190\mu\text{sec},$ $di_R/dt = 25\text{A}/\mu\text{sec}, T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	2.0	μsec
Thermal				
Maximum Resistance, Junction to Case	$R_{\theta(j-c)}$		0.055	°C/Watt
Maximum Resistance, Case to Sink (Lubricated)	$R_{\theta(c-s)}$		0.020	°C/Watt

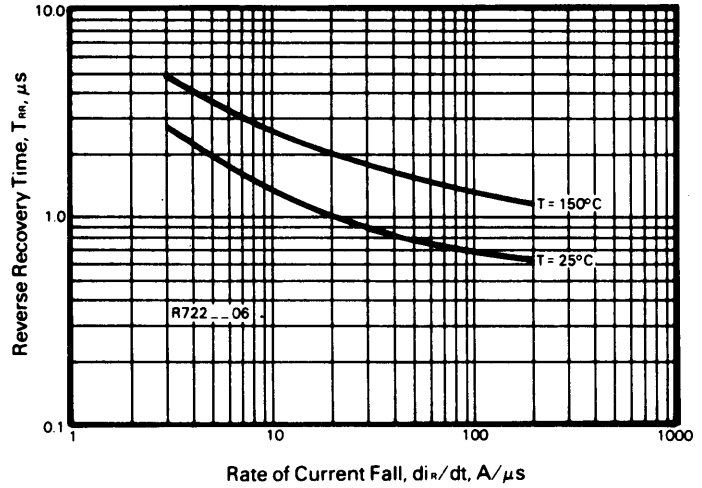
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R722_06
Fast Recovery Rectifier
 650 Amperes Average, 1600 Volts

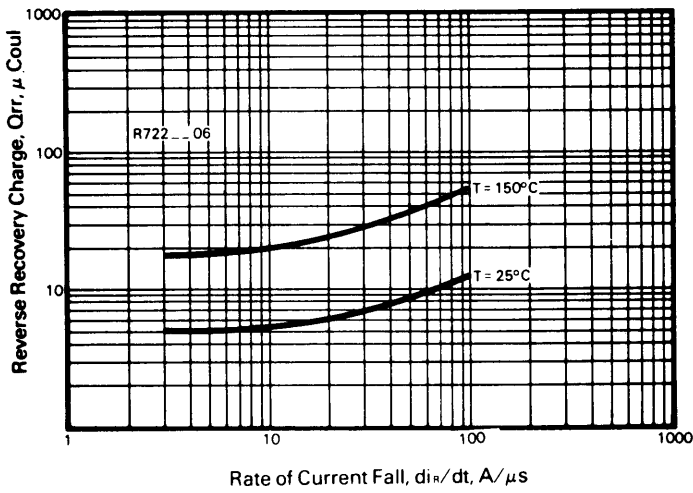
Reverse Recovery Wave Form



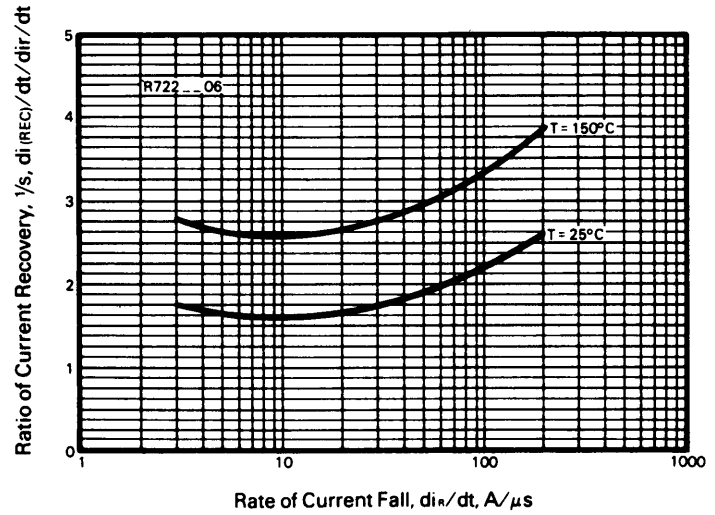
Typical Reverse Recovery Time Vs. Rate of Current Fall



Typical Reverse Recovery Charge Vs. Rate of Current Fall



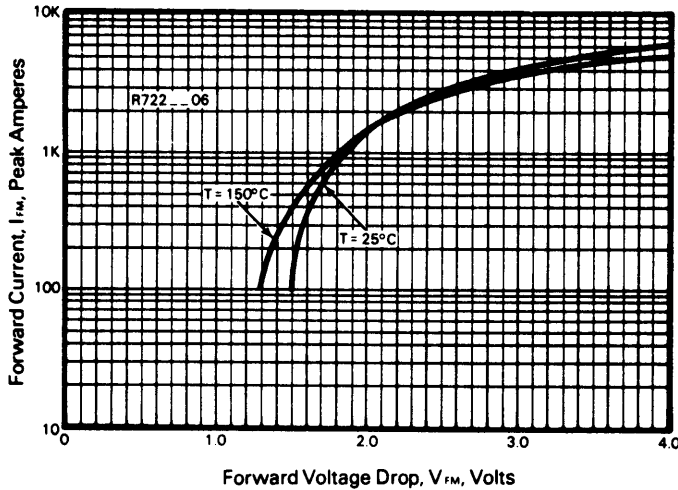
Typical Ratio of Current Recovery to Rate of Current Fall



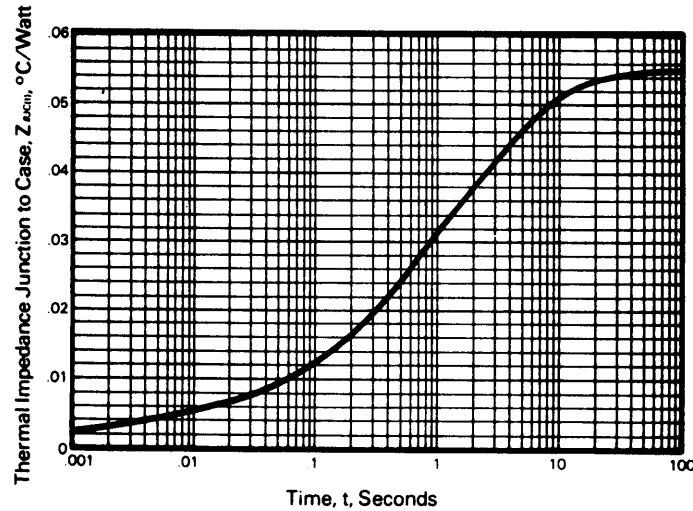
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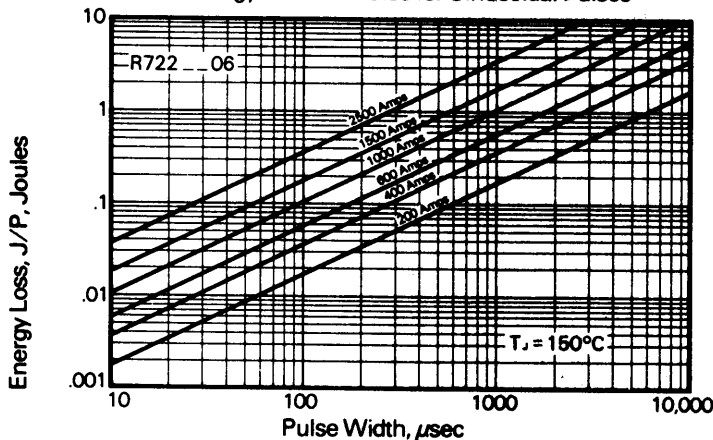
Forward Current Vs. Forward Voltage Drop



Transient Thermal Impedance Vs. Time



Energy Loss Per Pulse for Sinusoidal Pulses



Calculation of Fast Recovery Diodes and Allowable Case Temperature

1. Conduction Losses

$$P_{av(cond)} = J/P \times F$$

2. Reverse Recovery Losses (Approximate)

$$P_{av(sw)} = 1/4 \times V_R \times \frac{di_R}{dt} \times T_{rr}^2 \times \left(\frac{1/s}{1 + 1/s} \right)^2 \times F \times 1 \times 10^{-6}$$

3. Maximum Allowable Case Temperature

$$T_{C(max)} = T_j - (P_{av(cond)} + P_{av(sw)} \times R_{\theta(j-c)})$$

Where:

$P_{av(cond)}$ = Forward Conduction Power Loss in Watts

$P_{av(sw)}$ = Reverse Recovery Power Loss in Watts

J/P = Energy Loss per Pulse in Joules

F = Frequency in Hertz

V_R = Steady State Reverse Operating Voltage in Volts

di_R/dt = Rate of Decay of Forward Current in Amperes/ μ sec

T_{rr} = Reverse Recovery Time in Microseconds

$\frac{1}{"S"}$ = Ratio of Recovery di/dt ($\frac{di_F/dt}{di_R/dt}$)

F = Operating Frequency in Hertz

$T_{C(max)}$ = Maximum Allowable Case Temperature in °C.

T_j = Maximum Operating Junction Temperature in °C.

$R_{\theta(j-c)}$ = DC Junction to Case Thermal Impedance in °C/Watt.